

Australia's National Science Agency

**GISERA** | Gas Industry Social and Environmental Research Alliance

# Progress report

Fate of hydraulic fracturing fluids/chemicals and geogenic hydrocarbons in surface facilities and in the subsurface















# Progress against project milestones

Progress against milestones/tasks are approved by the GISERA Director, acting with authority in accordance with the GISERA Alliance Agreement.

Progress against project milestones/tasks is indicated by two methods: <u>Traffic light reports</u> and descriptive <u>Project schedule reports</u>.

- 1. Traffic light reports in the Project Schedule Table below show progress using a simple colour code:
- Green:
  - Milestone fully met according to schedule.
  - Project is expected to continue to deliver according to plan.
  - Milestone payment is approved.
- Amber:
  - Milestone largely met according to schedule.
  - Project has experienced delays or difficulties that will be overcome by next milestone, enabling project to return to delivery according to plan by next milestone.
  - Milestone payment is withheld.
  - Milestone payment withheld for second of two successive amber lights; project review initiated and undertaken by GISERA Director.
- **Red**:
  - Milestone not met according to schedule.
  - Problems in meeting milestone are likely to impact subsequent project delivery, such that revisions to project timing, scope or budget must be considered.
  - Milestone payment is withheld.
  - Project review initiated by GISERA Director.
- 2. Progress Schedule Reports outline task objectives and outputs and describe, in the 'progress report' section, the means and extent to which progress towards tasks has been made.

## Project schedule table

TASK NUMBER	TASK DESCRIPTION	SCHEDULED START	SCHEDULED FINISH	COMMENT
1	Sampling logistics and field trip planning	Jul-21	Aug-21	Completed
2	Literature Review	Jul-21	Sept-21	Completed
3	Commissioning laboratory equipment and developing experimental program	Jul-21	Oct-21	Completed
4	Sampling campaign	Aug-21	Apr-22	Milestone will be delivered by end of May 2022.
5	Chemical degradation of hydraulic fracturing fluids under reservoir conditions	Oct-21	Nov-22	
6	Profiling microbial communities from flow-back tanks and treatment ponds	Oct-21	Jun-22	
7	Microbial degradation trials of target chemicals used in hydraulic fracturing associated with shale gas production	Oct-21	Sept-22	
8	Geogenic hydrocarbons in flow-back water	Oct-21	Oct-22	
9	Migration behaviour of hydraulic fracturing fluids under reservoir conditions	Nov-21	Aug-22	
10	Modelling the fate of residual hydraulic fracturing chemicals	May-22	Oct-22	
11	Project Leadership, Task Leadership and Report Writing	Jul-21	Jan-23	
12	Communicate findings to stakeholders	Jul-21	Jan-23	

### Project schedule report

#### TASK 1: Sampling logistics and field trip planning

#### BACKGROUND

During Task 1, consult with Santos and Origin representatives in the Northern Territory to prepare for sampling of drill site/sites (up to a maximum of two sites), flow-back water, holding tanks, treatment ponds. Task 1 will establish the potential sampling site/sites from Santos and Origin, and the nature of the samples (i.e. sample type, volume, size, depth and number). This task will also include the safe and environmentally sensitive planning, provisioning, and logistics for the sampling campaign.

#### TASK OBJECTIVES

- 1. Establish contact with representatives in Santos and Origin to guide the sampling campaign.
- 2. Establish water and sampling site/sites within the Beetaloo sub-basin.
- 3. Identify suitable core samples from within the Northern Territory Core repositories.
- 4. Establish sampling requirements, i.e., type, volume, size, sampling depth, number, availability of initial fracturing fluids before injection etc.
- 5. Identification of any permits, permission or consultation required for sampling.
- 6. Preparation of sampling equipment/reagents.
- 7. Preparation for remote sampling fieldwork including accommodation, vehicle hire and OH&S considerations.
- 8. Logistics of transporting equipment and samples between CSIRO laboratories in Sydney/Melbourne and collection sites in the Northern Territory.
- 9. Confirm the list of chemicals being investigated in this study with key stakeholders.
- 10. Detail the analytical requirements from external labs, to inform design of the degradation and migration experiments.

#### TASK OUTPUTS AND SPECIFIC DELIVERABLES:

This task will yield a series of documents describing the contacts, sampling site/sites, relevant permissions, sampling equipment and OH&S considerations.

#### **PROGRESS REPORT**

This milestone is complete.

The W26 team has had extensive discussions with Origin and Santos about our requirements for sampling for W26. On completion, the project team will be organising a meeting of the Technical Reference Group to relay our plans for sampling to stakeholders and confirm the chemicals being examined in the project and their relevance to operations occurring in the Northern Territory. We have prepared microbial preservation solutions, sample bottles for collection of tank, treatment pond and flowback samples for chemical analyses. These have been shipped to Darwin. Origin and Santos will organise collections of these materials in the next two-three weeks, after the Technical

Reference Group meeting. At present, due to the lockdown there are some challenges (staff from NSW and Victoria are unable to travel to the Northern Territory) and we have limited access to our Sydney and Melbourne laboratories. We are in the process of developing contingencies to allow for collections to be undertaken in consultation with third-party providers in the Northern Territory.

#### **TASK 2: Literature review**

#### BACKGROUND

Fracturing fluids are primarily composed of freshwater, proppants, and chemical additives such as friction reducers, biocides, surfactants, and scale reducers. Task 2 will focus on the chemicals in the fracturing fluids and review the reasons to use these chemicals in the fracturing fluids, the properties and toxicity of the chemicals and what is known of the degradation, biodegradation and subsurface migration of these chemicals.

#### TASK OBJECTIVES

- 1. Information on why these chemicals are used in fracturing fluids.
- 2. Information on the properties and toxicity of chemicals.
- 3. Review previous research examining abiotic chemical degradation and migration properties of compounds.
- 4. Information on the geogenic hydrocarbons produced during the fracturing of shales at other sites.
- 5. Literature review of the biodegradation of these chemicals.

#### TASK OUTPUTS AND SPECIFIC DELIVERABLES:

Task 2 will provide a literature review on chemicals in the fracturing fluids with details about the role of these chemicals in the fracturing fluids, their properties and toxicity along with information on their mobility in the subsurface, abiotic and biotic degradation. This review will constitute the introduction of the final report and will also be submitted in September 2021 as a stand- alone document.

#### **PROGRESS REPORT**

This milestone is 100% complete, the literature review has been completed.

#### TASK 3: Commissioning laboratory equipment for reservoir experimental program

#### BACKGROUND

Task 3 will involve the detailed preparation for the experimental program for chemical degradation and migration under reservoir conditions. Shale reservoirs for investigation (e.g. Kyalla Fm and/or Velkerri Fm) will be decided in consultation with the Technical Reference Group and based on sample availability determined in Task 1. The composition of the hydraulic fracturing / formation fluid analogue will be decided either following flow-back water collection and analysis, or based on reported hydraulic fracturing fluid composition provided in accordance with the NT Petroleum (Environment) Regulations 2016. The laboratory equipment (batch and core flooding rigs) will be commissioned to meet the project requirements.

#### **TASK OBJECTIVES**

The task has the following objectives:

- Modify and commission experimental equipment to meet experimental program requirements (pressure, temperature, sampling).
- Finalise the shale targets, formation water and hydraulic fracturing fluid analogues that will comprise the degradation and migration experimental program.

#### TASK OUTPUTS AND SPECIFIC DELIVERABLES:

Experimental program for the degradation and migration experiments under reservoir conditions. Modified and commissioned experimental equipment to meet project requirements.

#### **PROGRESS REPORT**

This milestone is complete.

The experimental program has been developed, that will investigate chemical degradation of compounds of interest within Amungee and Velkerri formation shales. The program also investigates migration properties of compounds of interest in Amungee and Velkerri formation shales through core flooding.

Due to Victoria's COVID restrictions, there has been no lab access from early July to early October. Purchase of required components, and design and construction of equipment by external contractors has continued throughout this period, however, modification and commissioning activities have commenced later than planned.

Following renewed site access, commissioning is complete on equipment for migration studies, and on 8 chemical degradation units (Figure 1). Construction and commissioning on 5 further chemical degradation units is ongoing. This work is expected to be largely complete by the end of October, however, availability of staff access may delay this into November. This would not be expected to delay the completion of the experimental program (Tasks 5 and 9). Current Victorian restrictions do not authorise commencement of new experimental work, while this advice is expected to change in late October, any extended delay to these changes may affect commencement of Task 5 and needs to be monitored.



Figure 1 Eight modified and commissioned units for investigating chemical degradation.

#### TASK 4: Sampling campaign

#### BACKGROUND

Task 4 will involve two staff travelling to the Beetaloo sub-basin of the Northern Territory with the purpose of collecting water and shale core samples from drilling sites, flow-back water tanks and treatment ponds. While in the field the team will be led by Nai Tran-Dinh who has experience in the Northern Territory at these sites.

#### **TASK OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To collect preserved water samples for microbial community profiling (Task 6) from the site/sites identified by Task 1.
- 2. To collect microbiological ('live') and matching bulk water samples for microbial degradation trials (Task 7) from the site/sites identified by Task 1.
- 3. To collect shale core samples for core flooding experiments (Task 5) from the site/sites identified by Task 1.
- 4. Perform initial water chemistry analyses of collected water samples through a NATA accredited laboratory.

#### TASK OUTPUTS AND SPECIFIC DELIVERABLES:

Collection of microbially preserved water samples, microbiological ('live') water samples and bulk water samples. Collection of shale core samples.

#### **PROGRESS REPORT**

The initial sampling campaign at Santos' Tanumbirini location has been completed.

A total of 30 microbial community profiling samples, two bulk water samples (for microbial degradation trials and core flood experiments), and ten water chemistry and geogenic hydrocarbon samples were collected. Chemical analyses of the water samples used to make hydraulic fracturing fluids indicated that the bore waters were slightly alkaline (pH range 7.99-8.08) and had a low electrical conductivity (EC of approximately 1280 μS/cm). The flow-back water samples were taken from three different tanks and varied in pH between 7.53 to 8.30. The electrical conductivity in tank 4 water samples were in the range 8150 to 8660 μS/cm. Tank 2 and tank 3 flow-back waters were higher in electrical conductivity at 27,000 and 30,100 μS/cm, respectively.

The geogenic hydrocarbon samples have been stored and are awaiting analysis. The microbial community profiling of preserved water samples has been completed and analysis of the 16S rDNA data and OTU tables is currently underway. Initial analysis indicates a number of novel taxa identified from both bore water samples and from the flow-back water tanks. The microbial communities differ markedly between the bore water samples and the flow-back tanks, and also between tanks 2, 3 and 4.

### Variations to Project Order

Changes to research Project Orders are approved by the GISERA Director, acting with authority, in accordance with the GISERA Alliance Agreement. Any variations above the GISERA Director's delegation require the approval of the relevant GISERA Research Advisory Committee.

The table below details variations to research Project Order.

Register of changes to Research Project Order

DATE	ISSUE	ACTION	AUTHORISATION
17/03/22	Due to covid border restrictions and company provision of samples, delays to sampling occurred.	Milestone 4 delivery date extended from October 2021 to April 2022	But
17/03/22	Due to covid border restrictions and company provision of samples, delays to sampling occurred.	Milestone 5 delivery date extended from September 2022 to November 2022	But
17/03/22	Due to covid border restrictions and company provision of samples, delays to sampling occurred.	Milestone 6 delivery date extended from February 2022 to June 2022.	But
17/03/22	Due to covid border restrictions and company provision of samples, delays to sampling occurred.	Milestone 7 delivery date extended from May 2022 to September 2022.	But

17/03/22	Due to covid border restrictions and company provision of samples, delays to sampling occurred.	Milestone 8 delivery date extended from August 2022 to October 2022.	But
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